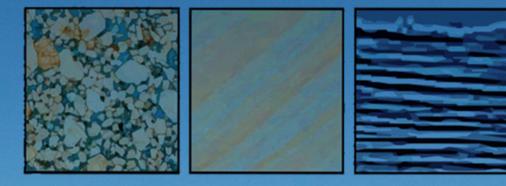
Five Islands Field Excursion The Islands Field Excursion

August 18th, 19th, & 20th of 2013

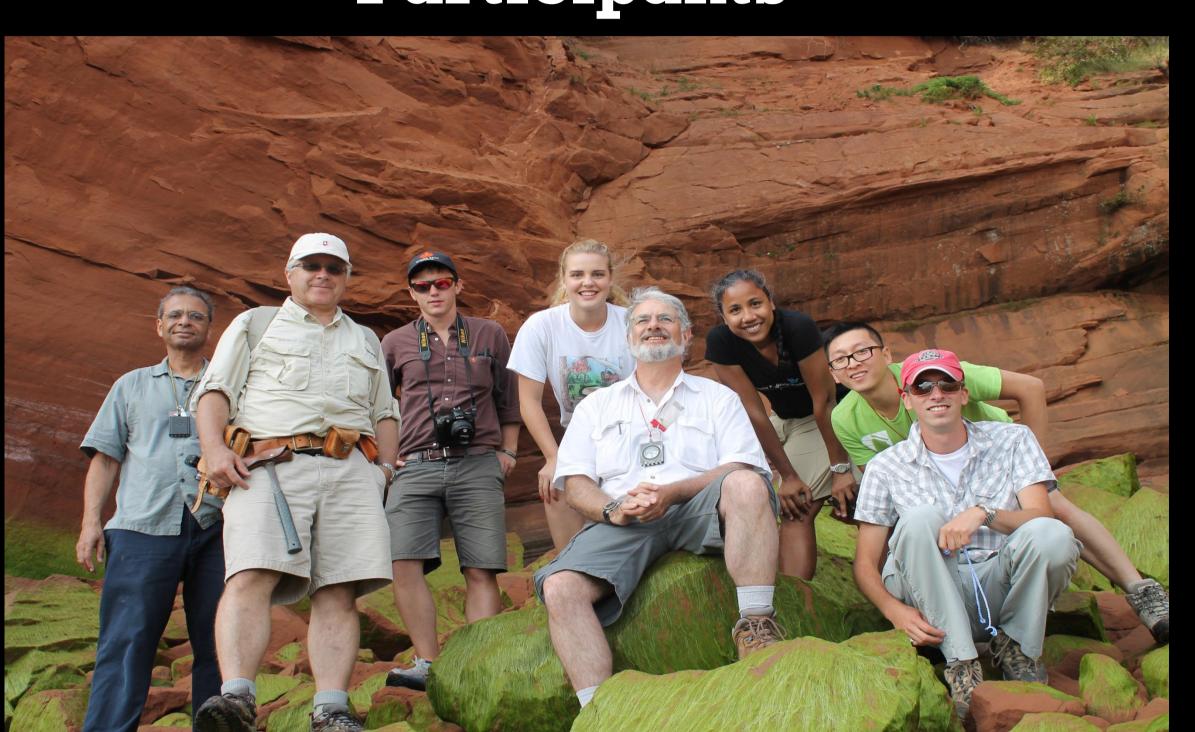
Department of Earth Sciences, Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia





Basin & Reservoir Lab

Participants



From left to right; Michael Clutson, David Brown, Darragh O'Connor, Jillian Haynes, Grant Wach, Naomi Plummer, Carlos Wong & Trevor Kelly. [Photo by Plummer, 2013]

Data Collection Methods



[Photo by O'Connor, 2013]

(1); Location of the Diamond Shores Campground. (2); Entrance to the Five Islands Provincial Park. (3); Entrance/exit to the beach nearest the parking lot. (4); Location of the Five Islands Provincial Park. (5);

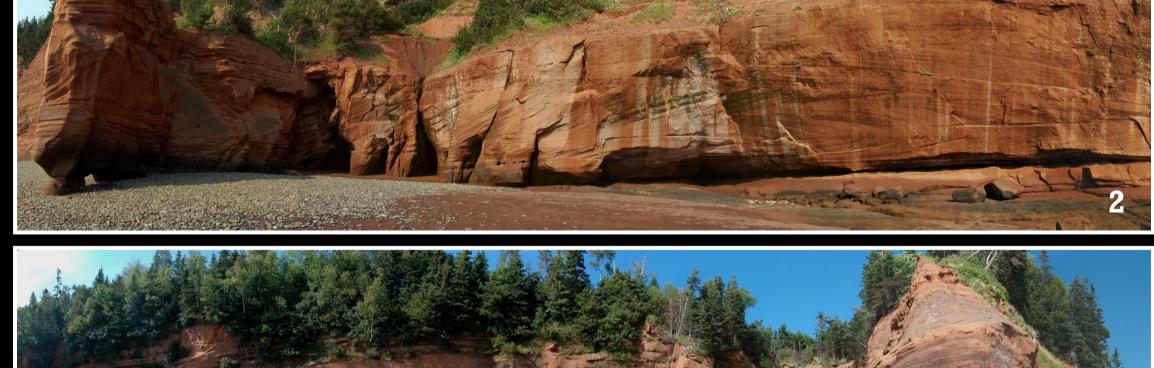
Old Wife Point. (6); Red Head Point. (7); Entrance/exit point used on the

Blomidon Formation

Location Map

Panoramic Images



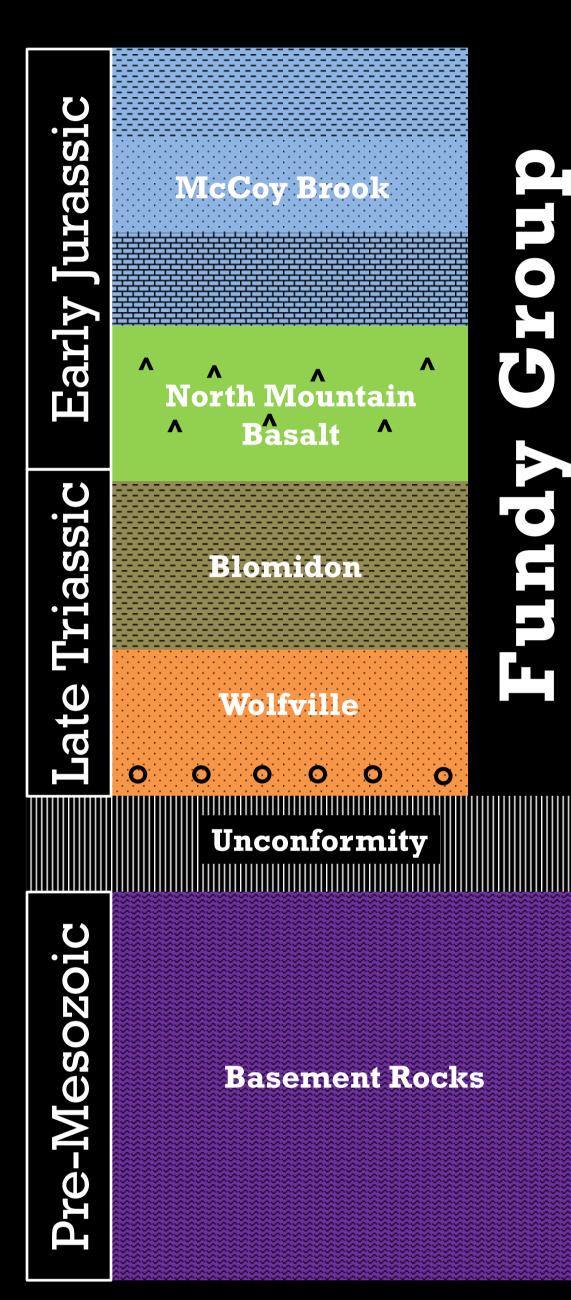








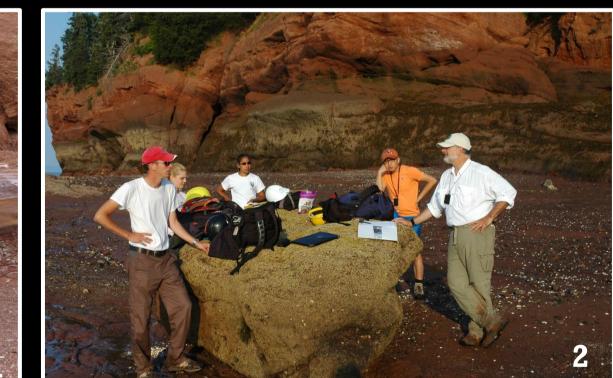
Strat. Column

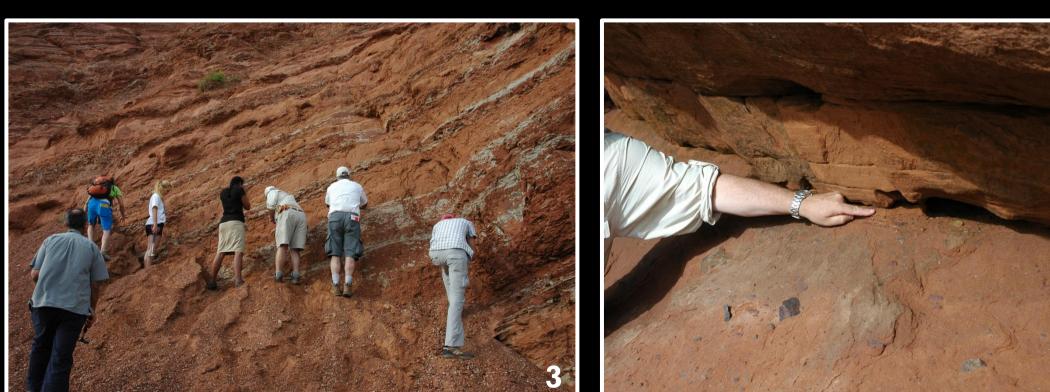


(1); Image showing the McCoy Brook Formation to the left, the North Mountain Basalt at center and the Blomidon Formation to the right. (2); Image of the eolian dune facies at Red Head Point. (3, 4 & 5); Images of the Wolfville Formation at various locations after Red Head Point. [Photo (1) by Wong, 2011; Photos (2, 3, 4 & 5) by O'Connor, 2013]

Caught in the Act





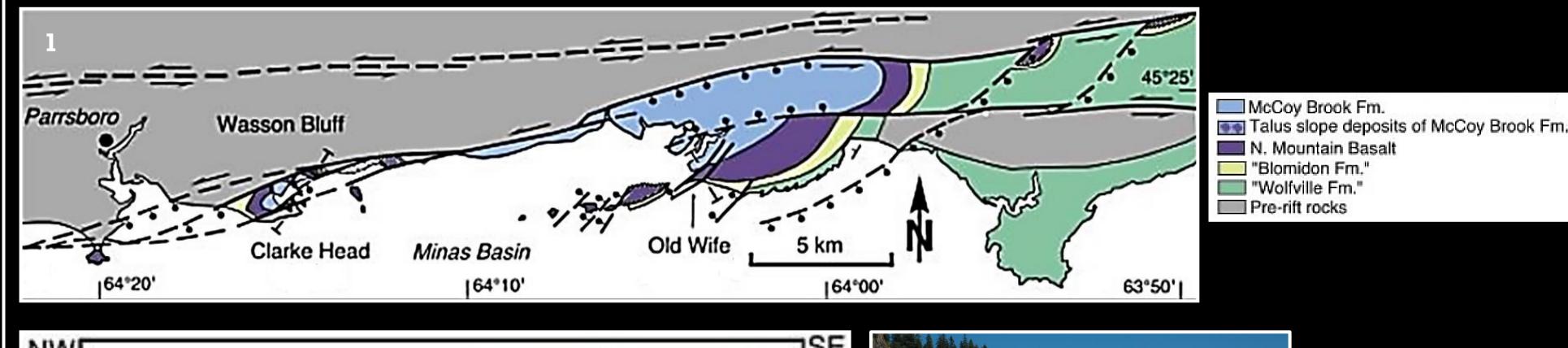


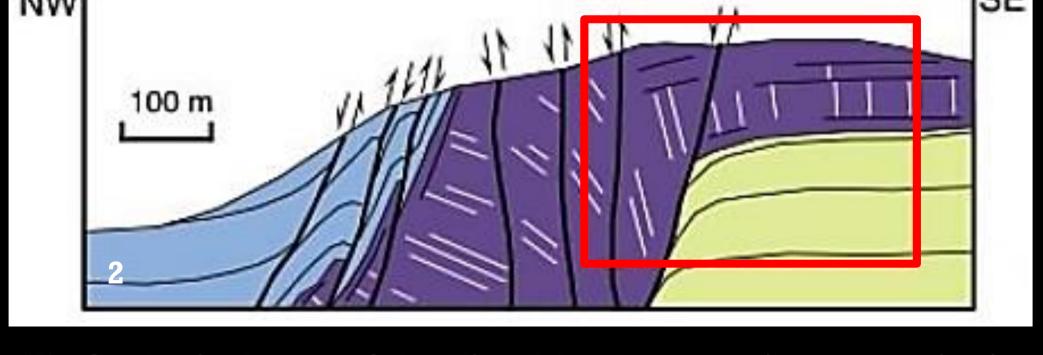


(1); A discussion about the McCoy Brook Formation. (2); Developing a data collection strategy with the Wolfville Formation as the backdrop. (3); Attempting to identify fossilized fish scales within the McCoy Brook Formation. (4); David Brown indicating a sedimentary structure near Red Head Point. (5); Grant Wach with a gypsum nodule. (6); Michael and David indicating features within the Wolfville Formation. [Photo (1) by Clutson, 2013; all others by O'Connor, 2013]

Geological Map

final day. [Google Earth, 2013]





(1); Geological map of the Five Islands area with arrows indicating the sense of fault movement during rifting. (2); Cross section through Old Wife Point showing the normal fault zone that exists in the area. The red box indicates the approximate location of the photo shown in (3). [From Schlische et al., n.d.; Photo (3) by O'Connor, 2013]

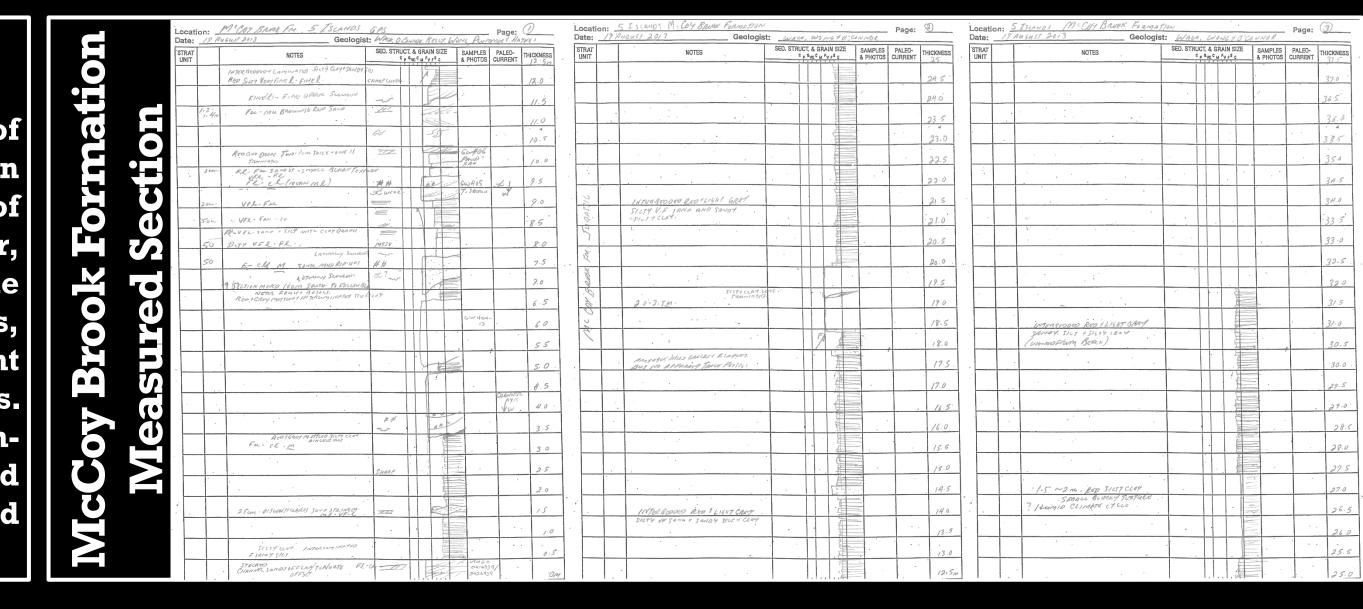




(1); At the parking area in Five Islands Provincial Park receiving the rundown for the day. (2); David Brown points to features on the other side of the Minas Basin while standing on top of the North Mountain Basalt. (3); The group making their way towards Red Head Point. [Photo (1) by O'Connor, 2013; Photos (2) and (3) by Clutson, 2013]

Lithology/Origin

The McCoy Brook Formation is composed of mainly red beds that are fluvial to lacustrine in origin. The North Mountain Basalt is composed of subaerial, tholeiitic basalt; massive, columnar, vesicular and amygdaloidal flow basalts. The Blomidon Formation is composed of shales, claystones, siltstones and sandstones consistent with cyclical lacustrine and eolian environments. The Wolfville Formation is composed of mediumto coarse-grained arenites with pebbly and conglomeratic units; also arkosic, subarkosic and orthoguartzitic sandstones.



References: Clutson, M. (2013). Five Islands Photos [Digital photographs]. / Google Earth. (2013). Google Earth Images. [Aerial and Satellite Images]. / O'Connor, D. (2013). Five Islands Photos [Digital photographs]. / Schlische W. Withjack, M., Austin, J., Brown, D., Contreras, J., Gierlowski-Kordesch, E., Jansa, L., Malinconico, M., Smoot, J., Wintsch, R. (n.d.). Magmatism, Rifting and Drifting: Basin Evolution (Supercontinent Breakup). Retrieved from http://www.ldeo.columbia.edu/~polsen/nbcp/basinevolution.html. / Wach, G. (2013). Five Islands Photos [Digital photographs]. / Wong, C. (2011). Five Islands Photos [Digital photographs].