

INTEGUMENT - FORM VS FUNCTION IN THE VERTEBRATES

PHYSICAL BARRIER - allows HOMEOSTASIS

MECHANICAL PROTECTION

stress, abrasion, puncture

CONFLICT - protection vs flexibility

PERMEABILITY - ADJUSTABLE

ion and water balance

gas exchange

varies with environment - aquatic vs terrestrial

THERMOREGULATION

control blood flow - heat loss/gain

sweat

insulation

SIGNALLING/DEFENCE

pigments - cryptic/warning for predators

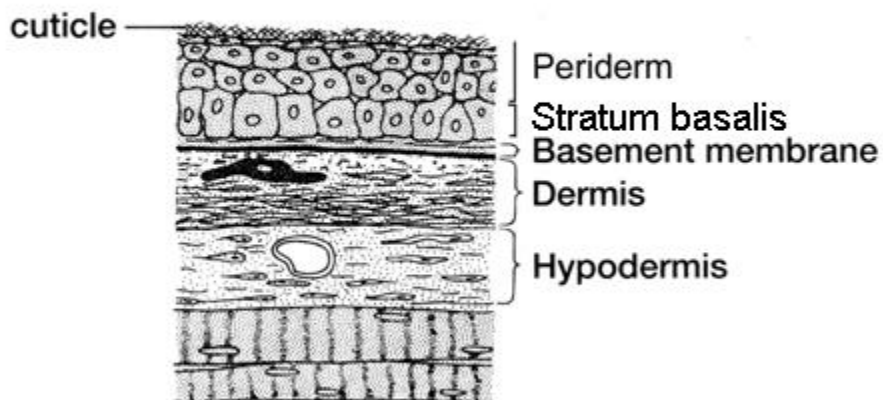
secretions - pheromones/toxins

SENSORY

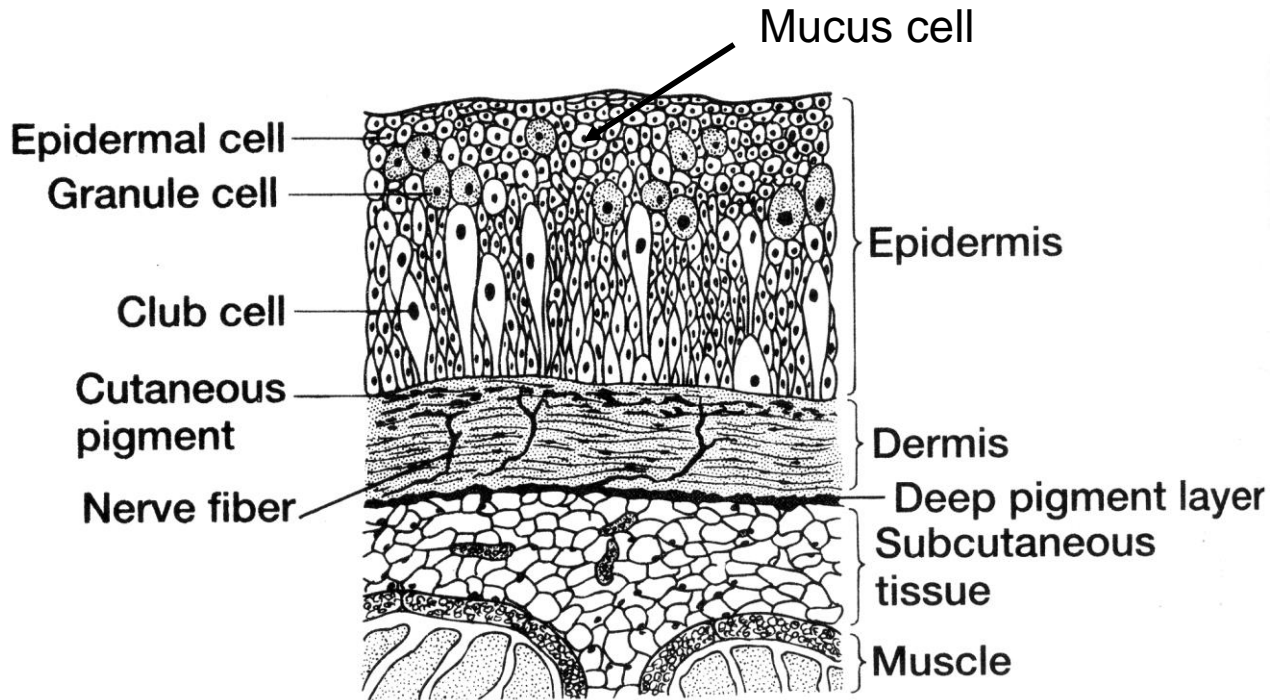
mechanoreception

thermoreception

GENERALIZED INTEGUMENT PLAN

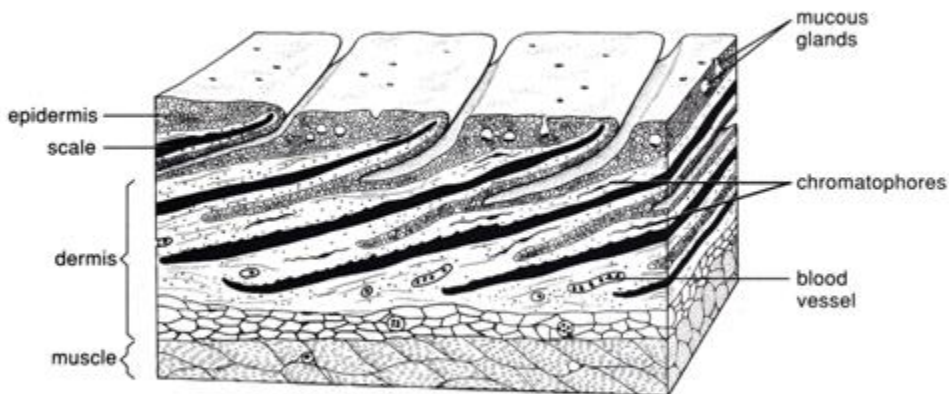


FISH EPIDERMAL CELLS

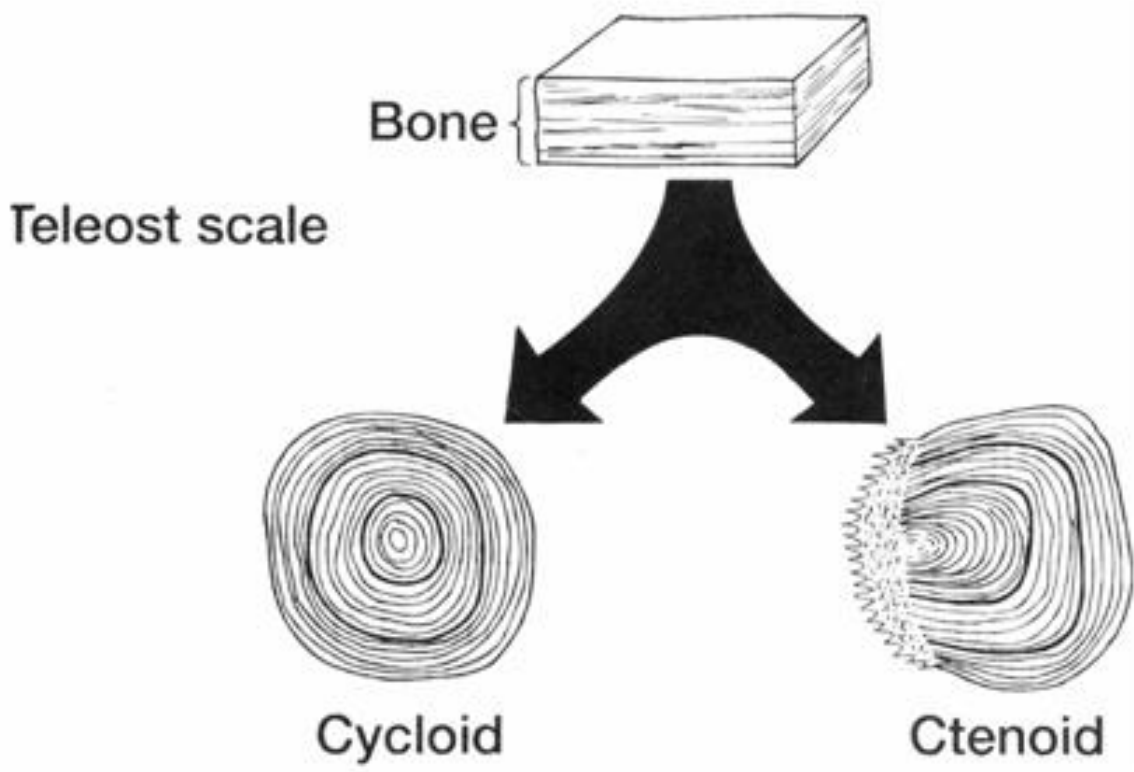


Kardong 6-7

TELEOST DERMAL SCALES

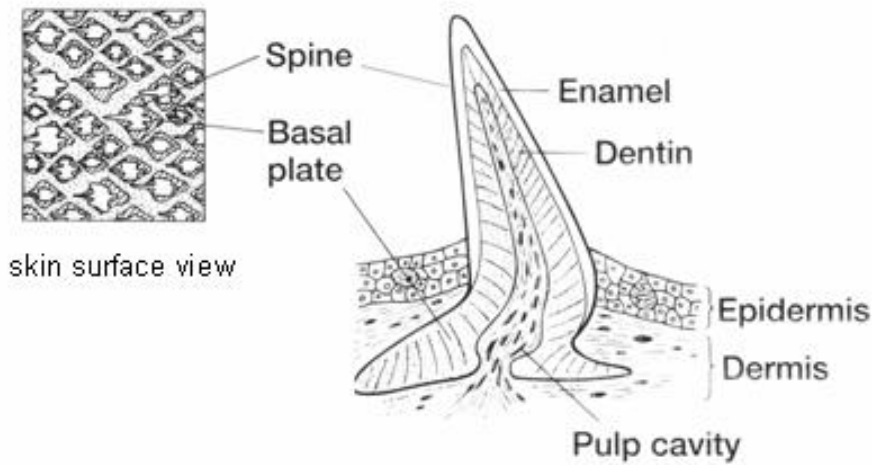


similar to Hildebrand 6-2



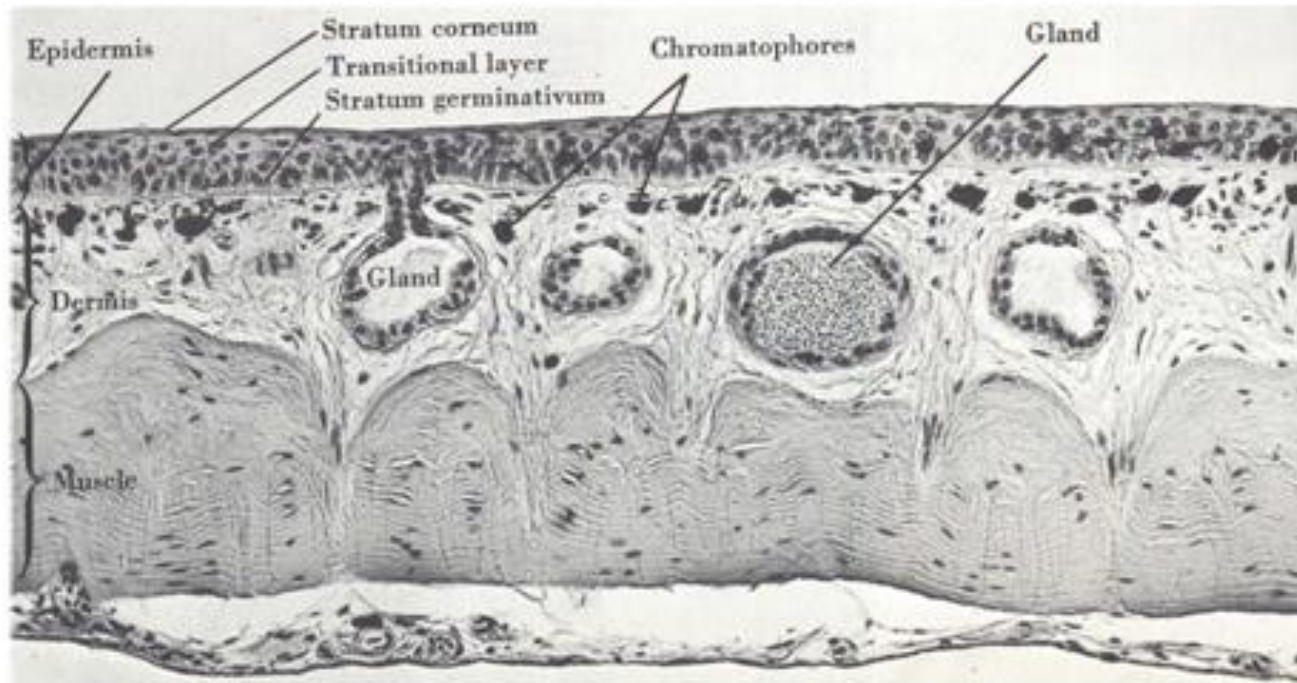
Kardong 6-11

ELASMOBRANCH SCALE - PLACOID SCALE
 = DERMAL DENTICLE ("skin tooth")

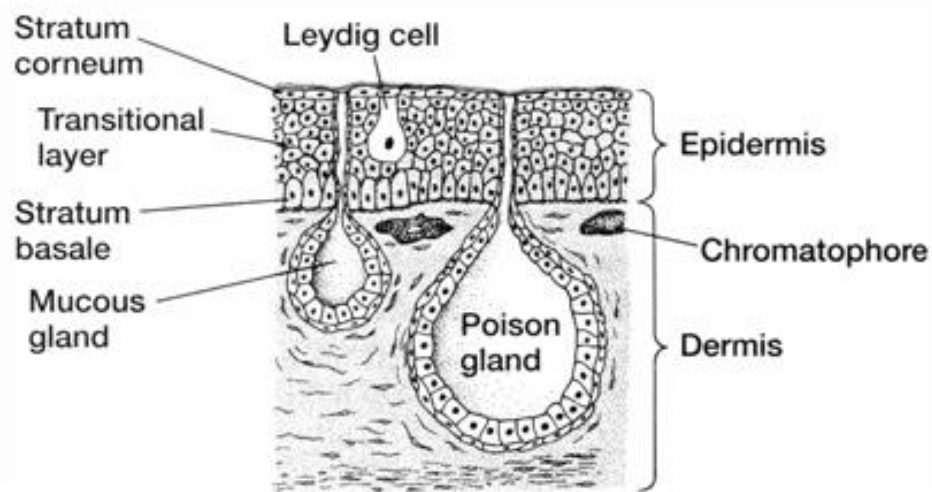


Kardong 6-9

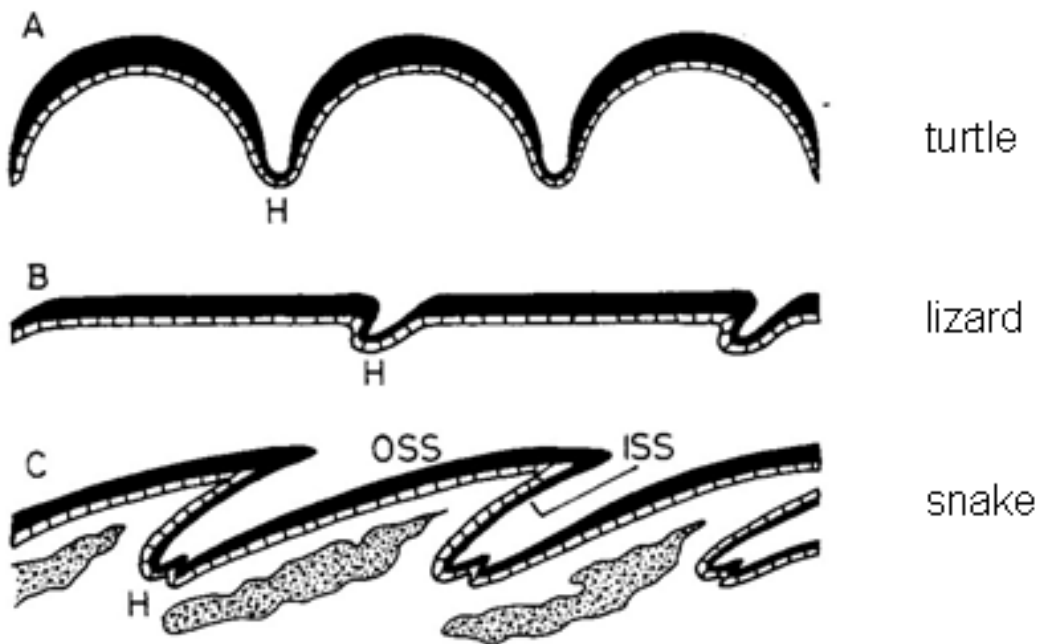
AMPHIBIAN EPIDERMIS - AQUATIC/SEMI-AQUATIC FORMS



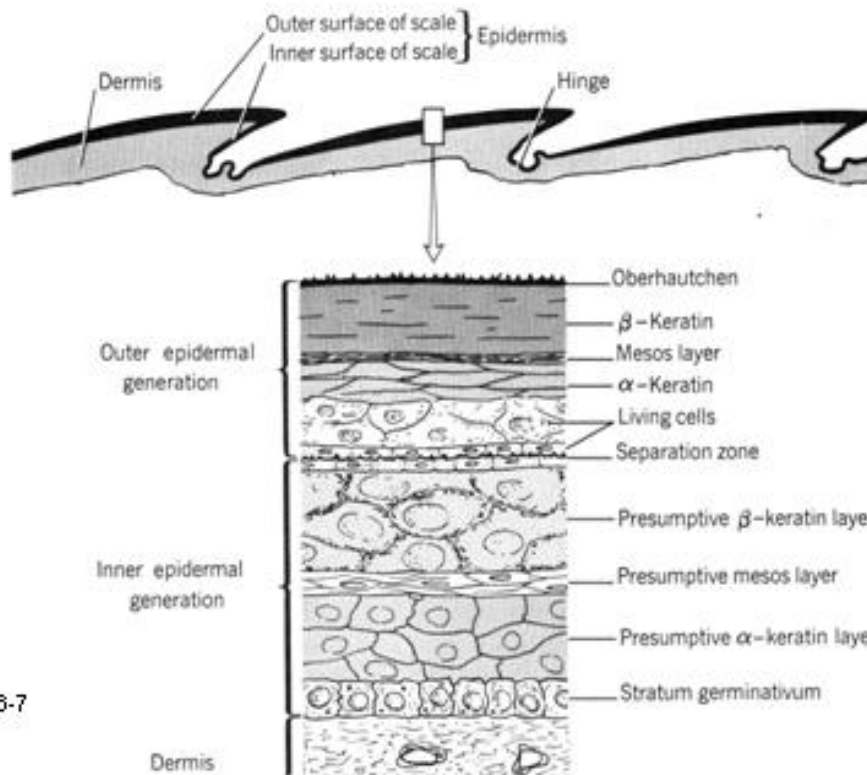
Patt and Patt (1969) f 6-12

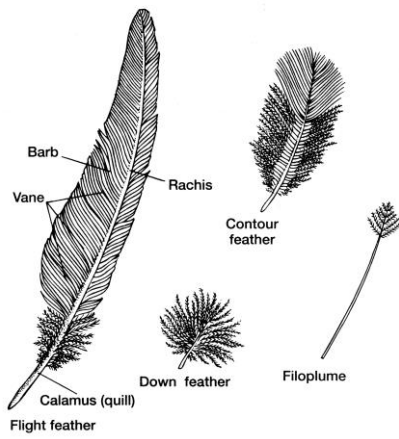


REPTILIAN SCALE PATTERNS

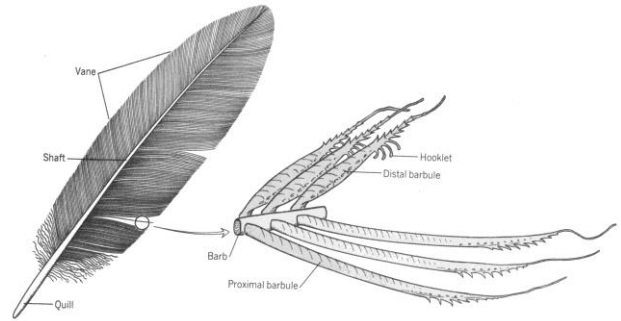


Bereiter-Hahn et al (1984) p 152



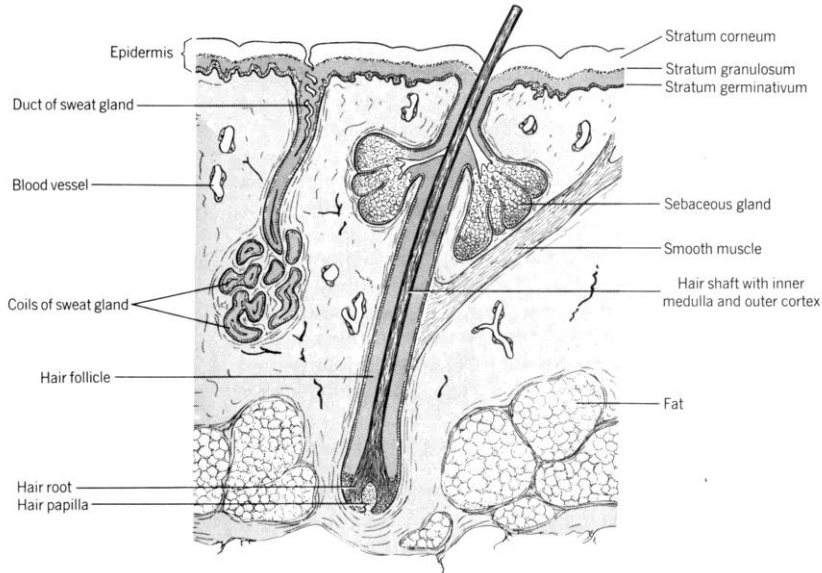


Kardong 6-15

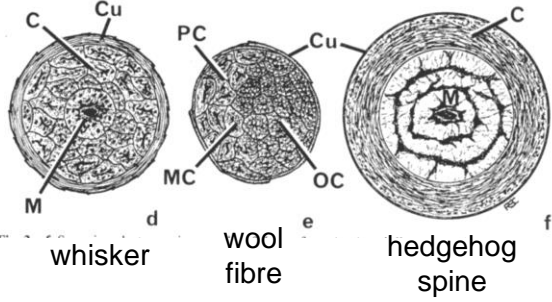
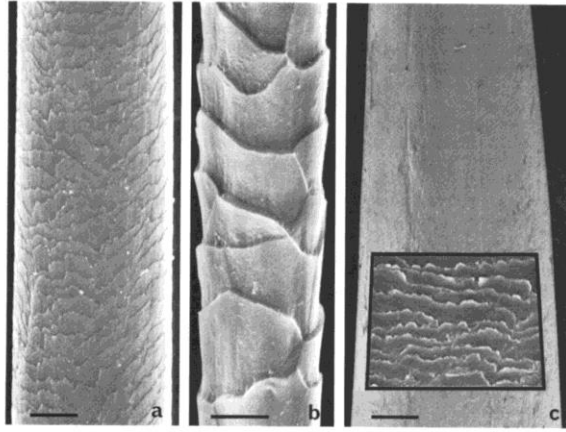


Hildebrand 6-9

MAMMALIAN HAIR FOLLICLE

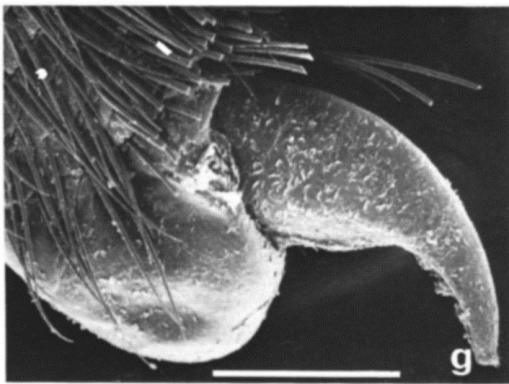


Hildebrand 6-12

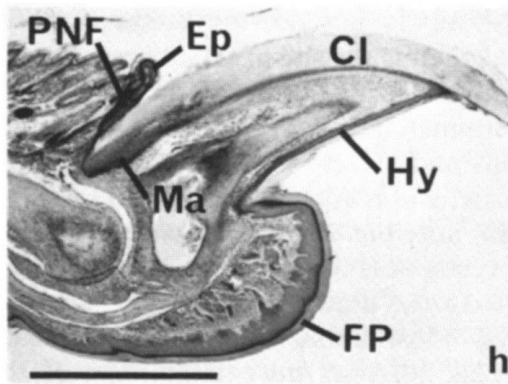


Bereiter-Hahn et al
(1984) p 302

MOUSE CLAW



SEM



longitudinal section

Bereiter-Hahn (1984) p 308