





ANIMAL WELFARE ON ORGANIC FARMS

FARM ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST LAYING HENS

Produced in consultation with the ECOA Animal Welfare Task Force

This checklist is intended as a supplementary checklist for use with an organic inspection or for farmers to assist with determining the welfare status of the hens and the identification of areas for improvement.

GENERAL DETAILS		
Farm name: Assessed by: Type of operation: Type of bird: # of flocks:	Person(s) present for assessm Date & time (start – finish): Flock size:	nent: Age of flock:
LIVING CONDITIONS		
Adult hens/sq metre of indoor floor space:	Meets standard?	Yes □ No □
Organic standard: 6 hens/m² BCSPCA brown egg layers: 5.26 hens/m2 (2.05 ft²/bi BCSPCA white egg layers: 5.88 hens/m2 (4.83 ft²/bii		
Feeder space/bird: Type of feeder system used:	Meets recommendati	ons? Yes □ No □
Minimum recommended: pans 20-30 birds/round fee Guidance: look for size uniformity in birds, and signs		is adequate.
Drinker space/bird: Type of drinker system used:	Meets recommendati	ons? Yes □ No □
Minimum recommended: 50-75 birds/round waterer	; 6-10 birds/nipple or cup; 3-4 cms	of water trough
4. Condition of feed and water: Clean ☐ Free	esh 🗆 Moldy 🗆	
Comments:		
5. Evidence of rodents: Yes No		
Comments		

6. Litter in good condition and well maintained? Yes \square No \square				
Comments:				
7. a) Individual nest box provided: Yes No Colony nest box provided: Yes No No				
b) Number of nest boxes: Birds/nest box: OR Linear space/nest box				
Meets recommendations? Yes \square No \square				
Guidance: look for number of floor eggs and prevalence/occurrence of egg eating. Minimum recommended: 1/5-7 birds; communal: 120 sq.cm/bird				
8. Nesting materials provided: Yes \square No \square				
9. Perch space/bird:				
Meets recommendations? Yes \square No \square				
Minimum recommended: 18-20 cm/bird				
10. Air quality: Ammonia level high □ Dusty □ Good ventilation □ Regular temperature checks □				
Guidance: Ideally a meter should be used to measure ammonia – a human can become desensitized. Ammonia should ideally be ≤10ppm and not more than 25ppm. Wet litter is an indicator of potential for				
high levels. Dust levels that impair visibility in the barn are a concern.				
11. Hours of light per day: Light levels (measured at bird level):				
Maximum: 16 hours of continuous artificial light - Minimum: 20 lux (2 footcandles)				
12. Dust bathing areas provided: Yes □ No □				
12. Bust butting dreas provided. Tes E. No E.				
13. Is grit provided? Yes □ No □ N/A □				
(Only necessary if birds on pasture or fed whole grains)				
14. Number & size of pop holes: Birds/pop hole:				
Meets recommendations? Yes \square No \square				
Minimum: 1/600 birds, minimum size 45 cm x 100 cm				
15. Outdoor range: Vegetation (% cover): Shade provided □ Rotation □ good drainage (no standing water) □				
16. Average loss from predators?				
Comments:				

BEHAVIOUR AND HEALTH

Obtain information from health records or observations as appropriate.

		isting flock:							
	ns for losses:	 level: 1-2%/m	 nonth of eag la	avina neriod					
maxiiriai	r acceptable i	2707111	errir er egg ra	iying period					
2. Numb	er of cases of	cannibalism in	existing flock						
3. Diseas	Diseases identified:								
4 Sick/k	atharaic hirds	# soon:							
4. SICK/I	4. Sick/lethargic birds - # seen:								
5. Are be	5. Are beaks trimmed or tipped? Yes No								
Commer	ts:								
6 Dluma	go condition	To dotormino	an overall im	prossion of co	ndition of birds				
o. Fiuilia	ge condition -	· To determine	an overall link	pression or cor	nation of birds	•			
					ntage of birds wi				
					dle the birds). If ate areas of the l				
the scorin		nock is greater t	Tidit 1500 birds	, score o separe	ate areas or the r	oarri (iry to c	verify distribute		
	Γ						I		
Area of barn	Percentage	of birds with go	ood plumage				Average % over all areas of bird		
	Nook (4)	Droost (4)	1 Vant (4)	Dook (4)	Wings (4)	Toil (4)	all all day of bill a		
1	Neck (4)	Breast (4)	Vent (4)	Back (4)	Wings (4)	Tail (4)			
2									
3			<u> </u>						
	Neck (1-2)	of birds with po Breast (1-2)	Vent (1-2)	Back (1-2)	Wings(1-2)	Tail (1-2)			
1		2. sast (: 2)	7 5.11 (1 2)		1111.ge(1 2)	1 4 1 1 2 1			
2									
3 Cuidana			n . 25% io o c		ing changes in	ma o m o o o o o ma o	nt prostings		
Guidance	e: poor piuma	ige conditions i	<u>n >25% is a c</u>	oncern requiri	ing changes in	manageme	nt practices.		
7. Wour	ids and other	body condition							
Sample t	he population	ns as described		n be done at t	he same time.	Birds do no	t need to be		
handled	to do the scor	^ing.							
Area of ba	ern Percenta	age of birds wit	h condition						
7 00. 0. 0.									
	Wounds on comb		Bumble	Bumblefoot			Evidence of breaks or		
							joint deformity		
	Many	Few/Non	e Large s	swelling	No swelling				
1									
3					+				
Average									
					a concern – cau	sative facto	rs should be		
determir	ned and mana	gement praction	es modified a	s necessary.					
OTHER	Managemen								
OTHER	VIANAGENIEN	11							
1 How c	ften are birds	: monitored:							
		at least twice a	a day						

2. Emergency back-up systems in place and operational: Yes No				
Emergency systems should be run at least once a month.				
3. On-Farm HACCP program in place: Yes □ No □				
4. Staff knowledgeable of poultry behaviour and diseases: Yes □ No □				
5. Automated chicken catchers used: Yes No				
(B)				
6. Biosecurity plan: Yes □ No □				
7. Birds at end of production cycle - on farm disposal using:				
Macerator \square Electrocution \square CO ₂ gassing \square Other (describe) \square Transportation to processor \square				
Guidance: on farm disposal is recommended to prevent suffering if transportation distances are long.				
9. Disposal of mortalities: Buried Incinerated Composted Other				
Comments:				
Quebec's "On-Farm Poultry Composting Guide" is available in French and English:				
http://www.mapaq.gouv.qc.ca/NR/rdonlyres/3C3B9C7F-7D6C-4286-AD6C- CBFF9C0552DF/0/GUIDECOMPOSTAGEVOLAILLESMORTESonfarmpoultrycompostingguideAODBT2006ANGLAIS.pdf				
CBF P9C0332DF70/G01DEC010F03TAGE VOLAILLESI010KTE3011la1111p0d1itt yC0111p0stilliggdideAODBT2000ANGEAI3.pdi				
If raising pullets:				
10. Proximity of chicks to heat source: Even distribution □ Huddled □ Away from source □				
10. Frominity of chicks to fleat source. Even distribution in Fraduce in Francisco in Source in				
11. Presence of elevated perches: Yes □ No □				
12. Stimulation of foraging behaviour (e.g. grain in litter) Yes □ No □				
13. Are pullets allowed outside: Yes □ No □ At what age?				
13. Are pullets allowed outside. Tes No At what age:				
Summary of concerns:				
Summary of concerns.				
Changes since last assessment:				
Recommendations:				

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