

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

Background

- Lithium-ion batteries are used in cell phones to school busses, and in mobile, stationary, hot and cold environments.
- Batteries suffer from poor performance at hot and cold temperatures. Capacity can be halved at -20°C and cold charging damages cells.
- Improving thermal control can enable use of lithium-ion powered systems in extreme climates such as Northern Canada and Marine applications.
- The goal of the project was to develop a thermally controlled, portable storage system.
- This project developed a standalone system which uses insulation and an efficient active thermal control system to improve efficiency.

Design Process

Concept:

A 13-cell module of SKI E600 cells (originally from a Kia Niro EV) selected.

Preliminary:

Over 30 thermal design configurations considered. Coolant plate, resistive heater, and refrigerant cycle chiller selected.

Detailed:

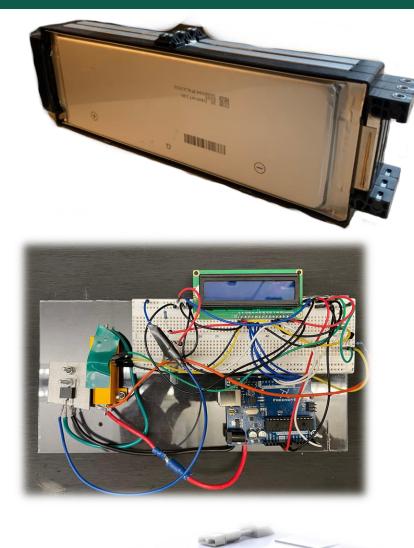
Cooling system fluid flow simulations and detailed 3-D model completed.

Fabrication:

3-axis CNC milling, Sheet metal operations, bonding, fastening, and welding used.

Testing:

The completed system was tested in a thermal chamber at -20, 0, 30°C.

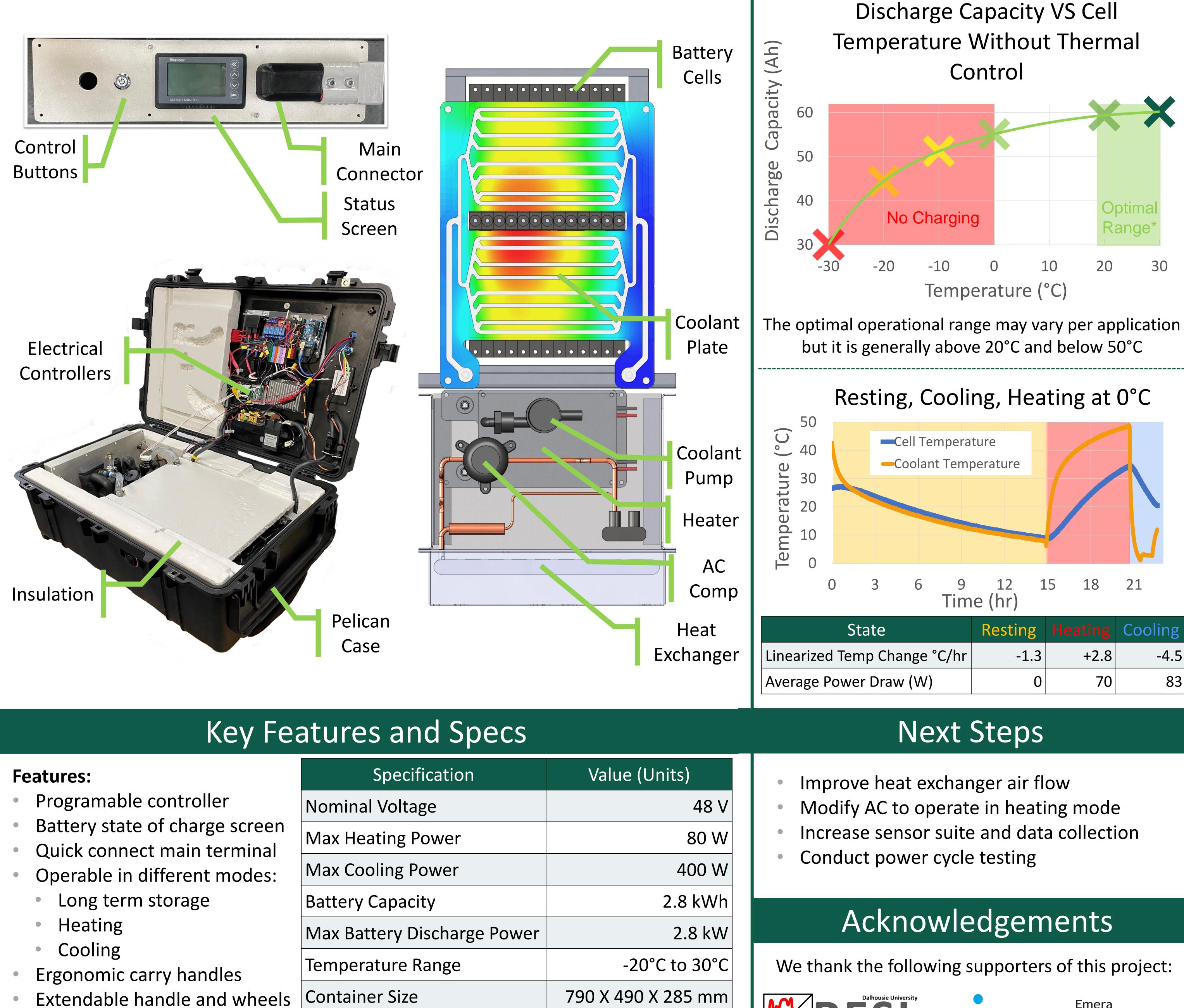






Lithium-Ion Battery Thermal Control System Mitchell Gregory - Payton Brown - Isaiah Reade - Patrick Andreou

System Layout



37 kg total (35% cells)

- **Total Weight**



Testing

	Resting	Heating	Cooling
nge °C/hr	-1.3	+2.8	-4.5
(W)	0	70	83



