UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY Department of Industrial Engineering

Problem Definition

Stone Hearth products are not HAACP certified, which is a food safety plan that is required by some retailers. Without this certification, Stone Hearth would be unable to distribute to these retailers, which would limit sales and training opportunities for participant employees.

Objective & Scope

Goal: Creating a HACCP plan to:

- Satisfy current and future retailers
- Increase employee and participant skills.
- Scope:
- Focus on creating the plan for rye bread and bagels.
- Train employees to use the plan.

Results and Analysis

assessment tools are used for the Risk identification of raw materials and hazard processes. This allows for the creation of a Standard Operating Procedure that involves:

- Identifying hazards and CCPs.
- Minimizing various hazards that occur within the bakery.
- Creating documents for the recordkeeping procedure

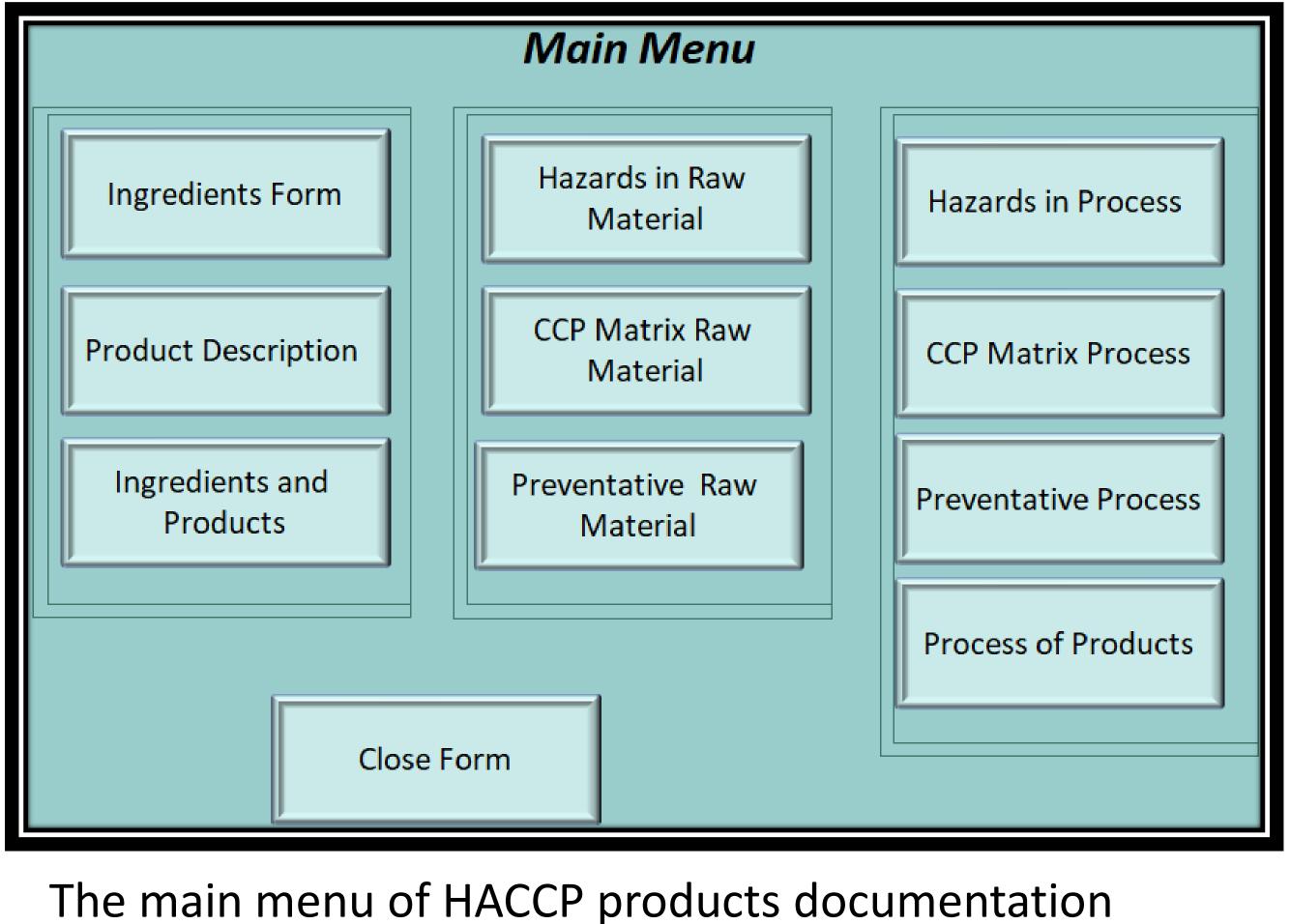
HACCP 7 principles

Principle 1	Conduct a hazard analysis
Principle 2	Determine the critical control points
Principle 3	Establish Critical Limits for each Critical Control Points
Principle 4	Establish Monitoring Procedures
Principle 5	Establish Corrective Actions
Principle 6	Establish record-keeping and documentation procedure
Principle 7	Establish verification Procedure

hazards.

Created user instruction manual for ease of use.

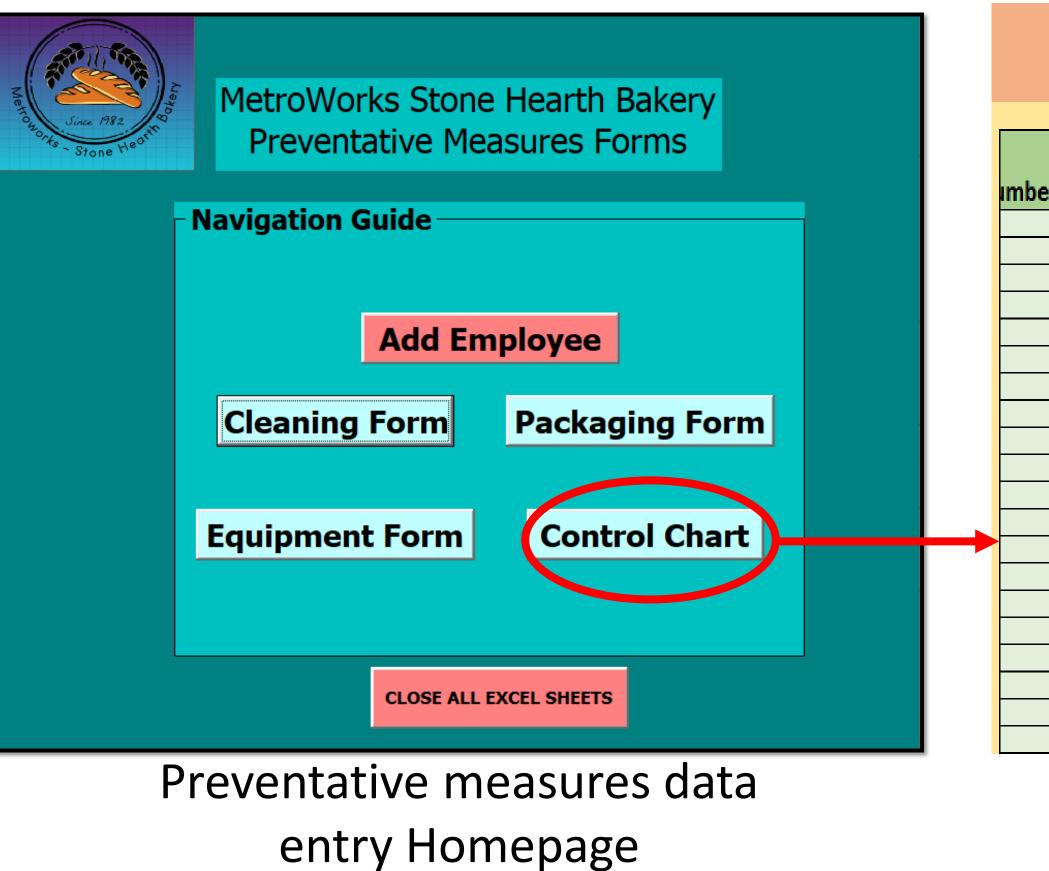
• Completed HACCP analysis of rye bread and bagels. Documented the complete HACCP analysis on Microsoft Access Database.



Construction of a Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points plan Hermandell Maycock, Manijeh Jalali, Ahmed Abidali, Bader Hajibi

Developed preventive measures for all identified

- Created printable preventative measures forms: • Printed once a week and filled daily.
- Added to excel at the end of the week. • Constructed control chart datasheet:
 - Used to track data of Critical Control Points.
 - 20 samples recorded daily.
 - Data for 5 days entered on excel at the end of the week.
 - Data used to create temperature control chart to monitor hazards.



Microsoft Access Database

- Stored documented data of the HACCP analysis within the database for traceability.
- Created user instructions manual for ease of use.

Solutions & Implementation

Microsoft Excel Database

Observation °C mber of Sample Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5

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Day 1	Day 2	Day
6:00AM	6:00AM	6:00AN

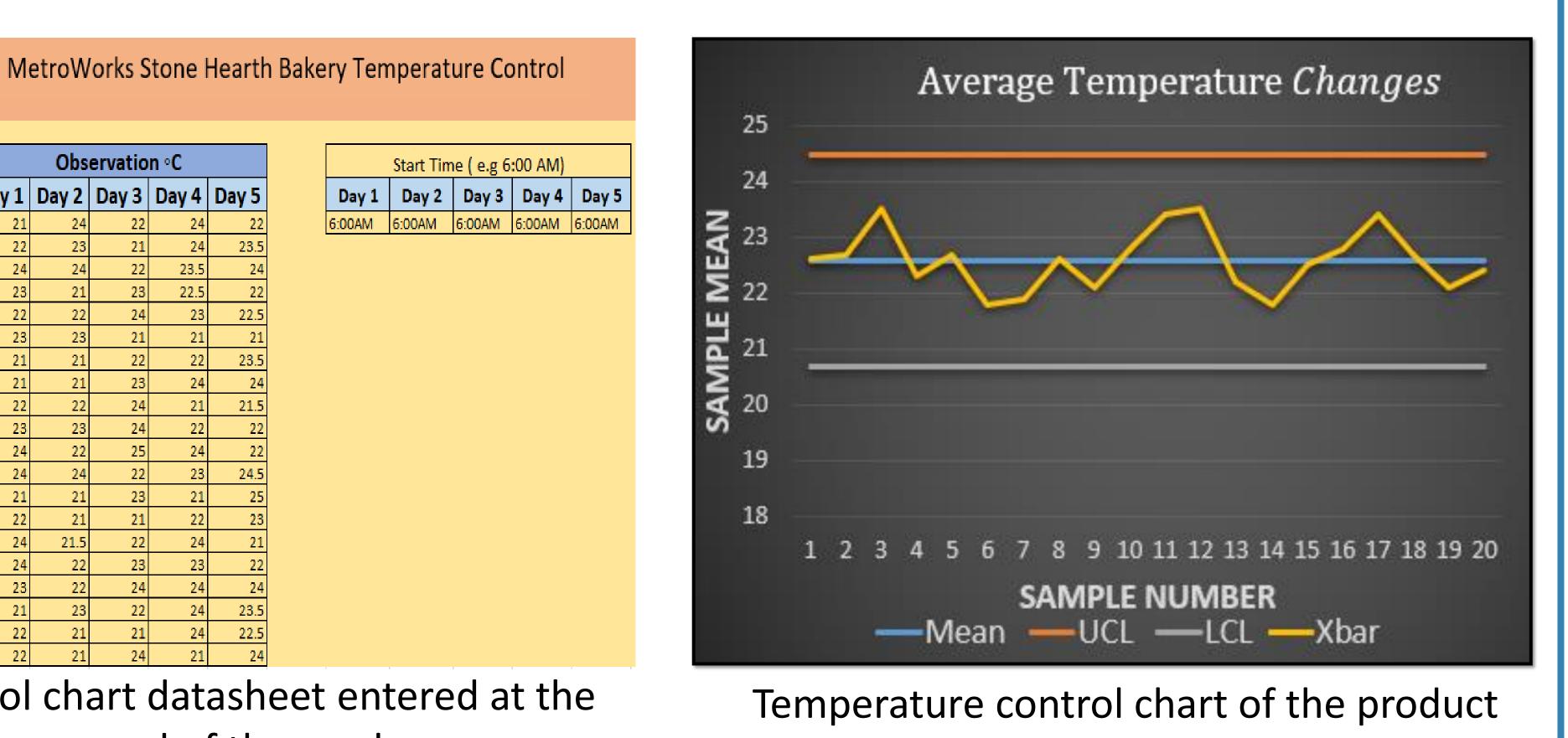
Control chart datasheet entered at the end of the week

- Registered all hazards present in the raw materials and production process.
- Database is modifiable to add new products & their hazards.
 - Decision trees are used to distinguish critical control points and are presented in database forms.

Hazards in Raw Material				
Raw Material Hazard ID	3			
Raw Material Name	Flour			
Biological	Salmonella	Save Record		
Physical	Nail (falling objects)	Delete Record		
Chemical	Mycotoxins (mold)	Open Report		
Allergens	Wheat	Print Report		
Probability of occurance	MEDIUM			
Severity of illness	HIGH	Close Form		
Major Hazard	YES	Main Menu		
	Previous Record Next Record			

Data entry form: Hazards within the raw materials





Recommendations

- Continue analysis of the remainder of products made within each section of the bakery.
 - Using the completed analysis for rye bread and bagels as a basis to assist in, the completion of the remaining products.

storage area (Average)

- Incorporating an automatic temperature reader to document the temperature automatically, reducing extra work for employees.
- Purchase a pH reader to assist in recording the pH as it is a Critical Control Point.



Madgetech temperature data logger



pH meter digital water quality tester