

Public Health Governance:

Emerging themes from community engagements across Canada

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PROBLEM

There is a pressing need for better public health institutions, policies, programs, and practices so communities can flourish. Having heard from public health authorities (political and professional elites), we then set out:

- To collect and analyze the experiences of marginalized communities across Canada;
- To develop a public health framework that reflects the values, experiences, and needs of all communities on a planet where animals, plants, and environments matter to one another

METHODS

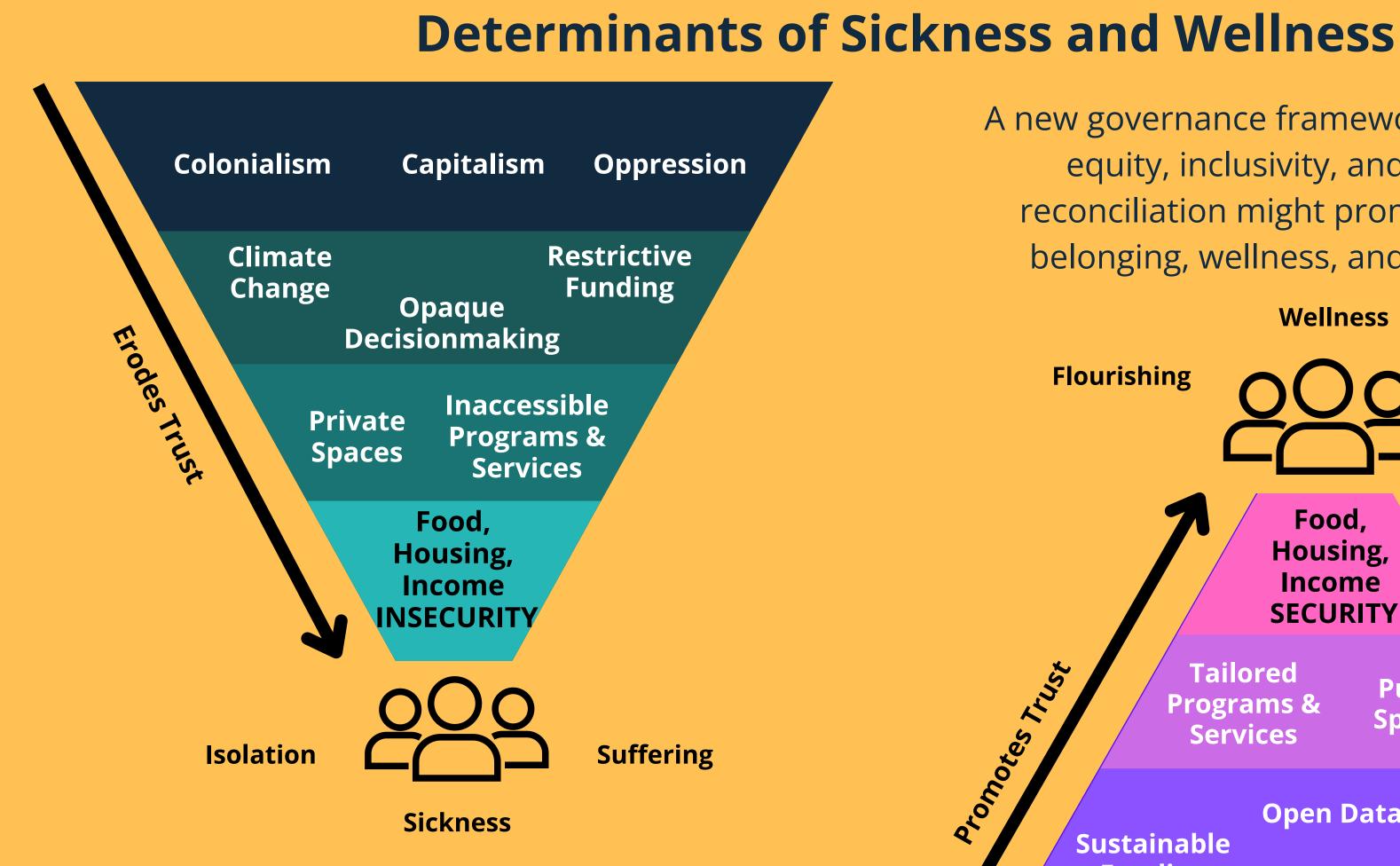
- 7 semi-structured virtual focus groups (FG) between May 27 -June 19 2024
- FGs represented 5 provinces (NS, QC, ON, AB, BC), health workers and Indigenous voices.
- Structured discussion and real-time polling using Mentimeter and Google Jam Board:
 - 1. What supports wellbeing in your communities?
 - 2. What are your communities' strengths & weaknesses?
 - 3. What values and practices are critical to public health?
 - 4. Who do you trust to make good public health decisions?
 - 5. What might improve public health?
- Inductive and deductive thematic analysis

DEMOGRAPHICS (N=56)

Gender			Age		
Man	13		20-39		20
Woman	36		40-59		18
NB/2Spirit	4		60-79		9
No Answer	3		No Answer		9
Ethnic identity				Location	
Black/African		4		Alberta	8

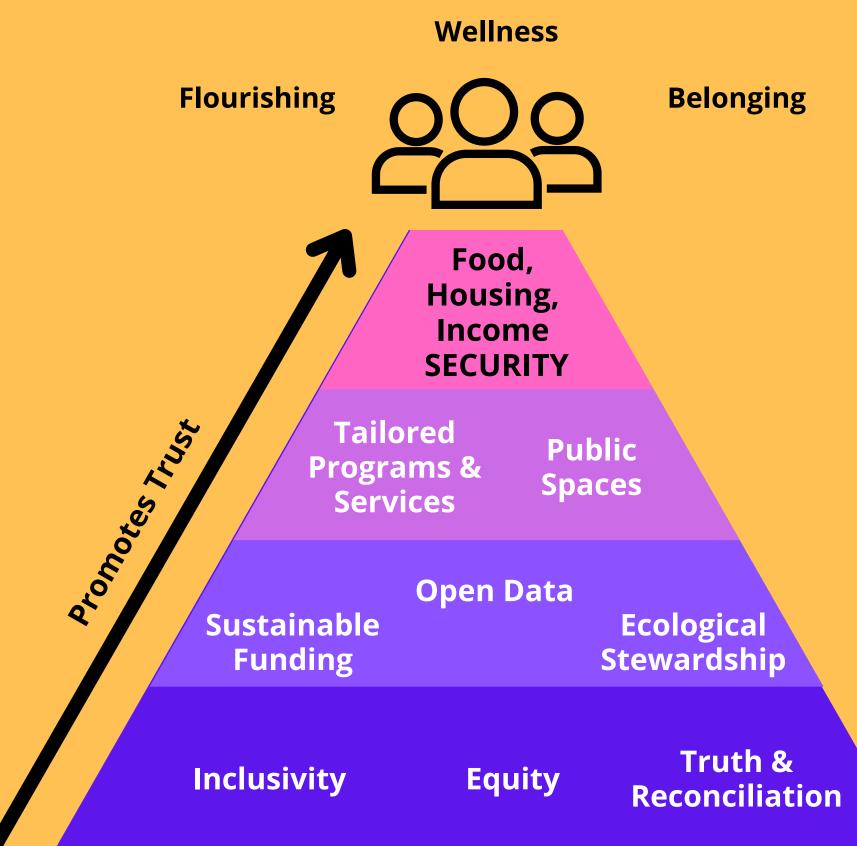
Ethnic identity		Location	
Black/African	4	Alberta	8
S/E/SE Asian	6	ВС	15
White/European	27	NS	11
Indigenous	16	Ontario	9
No Answer	2	Quebec	13

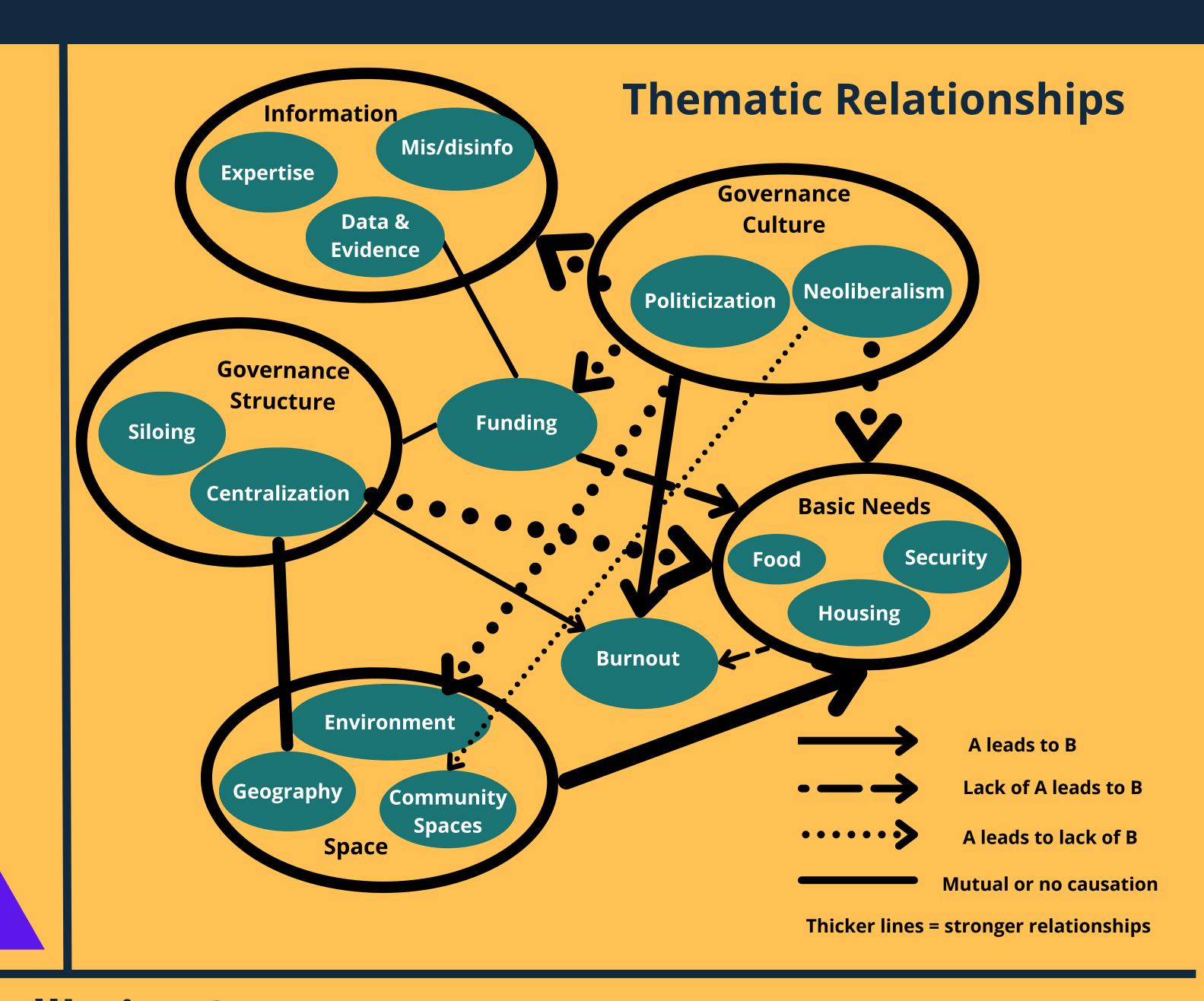
RESULTS - Thematic Analysis

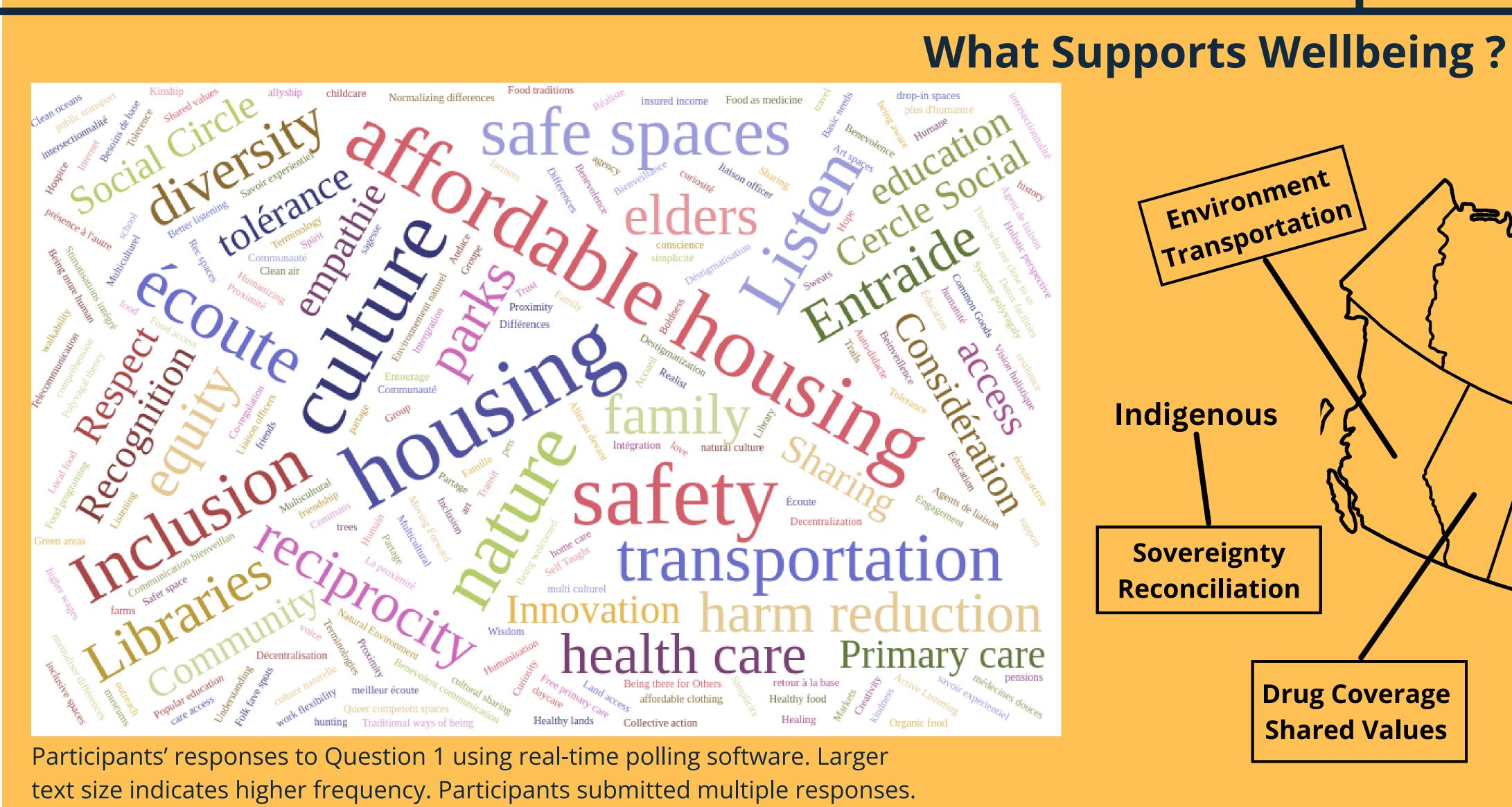


Canada's current public health system suffers from a legacy of capitalist, colonialist, and oppressive social structures which foster marginalization, insecurity, and sickness.

A new governance framework grounded in equity, inclusivity, and truth and reconciliation might promote security, belonging, wellness, and flourishing.









DISCUSSION

- Trust in public health systems has been eroded by historic oppression and misinformation
- Essential needs and programs are too often unaffordable, unavailable or inaccessible
- Local knowledge, context, and lived experiences must be present and made integral to all public health decision making

CONCLUSIONS

- Secure housing, food, and income are pressing public health needs
- Public common spaces promote community belonging
- Co-creating programs in communities helps to address local need
- Openness, accountability, and reciprocity promote and sustain public trust, commonwealth and public health

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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Interested in learning more about our public health governance project? Scan the QR code or visit www.trru.ca

