1 Dentistry Building, 1958 – The Maritime College of Dentistry joined Dalhousie University in 1912, becoming the first Faculty of Dentistry in Canada. Currently the Dentistry building’s facilities and clinics are being upgraded to continue to support exemplary research, education, training, and patient care.

2 George A. Burbidge Pharmacy Building, 1922 – Occupied by the College of Pharmacy since 1967, the Burbidge building was renovated in 2001 in order to accommodate new seminar rooms, larger classrooms and a modernized Skills Lab.

3 Tupper Medical Building, 1965 – This building is the home of the Faculty of Medicine, which itself was founded in 1868. It houses the Dean’s office, the faculty administration, scientific departments, laboratories, and Dalhousie’s biomedical library, the W.K. Kellogg Health Sciences Library.

4 Forrest Building, 1887 – The Forrest Building was the only Dalhousie building and contained the entire university from 1887 until 1914. Now the building is a central part of Dalhousie’s Carleton campus and houses the Schools of Nursing, Physiotherapy, and Occupational Therapy.

5 Clinical Research Centre, 1924 – Now home to the departments of Bioethics, and Community Health and Epidemiology. Previously this building housed the Public Health Clinic, at one point the only public outpatient clinic in Halifax.

6 Collaborative Health Education Building (CHEB), 2015 – The only purpose-build facility of its kind in Atlantic Canada, the CHEB is designed to facilitate the transformation of health education for students at Dalhousie and foster a cultural shift in health care toward greater inter-professional collaborative care.

7 Life Sciences Research Institute (LSRI), 2011 – The LSRI was constructed in partnership with the IWK health centre and Capital Health to provide research and incubator space for the biotech and life sciences sectors.